\$37.00

BUSINESS SUNDAY 83

Missing piece vital in saving solution

BAREFOOT INVESTOR

Am I crazy for paying off a house when I could be saving? Let me explain.
I'm paying off an investment property at 6.07 per cent with \$420,000 remaining. Repayments are \$700 a week, plus \$100 week for rates, insurance and maintenance. My rental income is \$400 week. My total spend — if I pay off the house in 30 years — is about \$1.1 million. But if I put \$400 a week into a high-interest savings account (say 5.71 per cent at UBank, which I saw recently) for 30 years, I'll make about \$1.5 million. So am I crazy? Thanks heaps, Dean

Hey Dean,
There's a missing piece
to your puzzle: the
taxman. That 5.71 per cent
that UBank are paying
would be slashed by more
than a third in tax if you
earn more than \$37,000.
A better solution is to
focus on paying down your
mortgage. You'll save
hundreds of thousands of
dollars in interest costs (it's
compounding in reverse),
and you don't pay tax on the
interest you save.
Let's talk numbers: If you
kept paying \$700 a week and
also paid the rental income
(\$400) straight into your
loan, you'd pay off the house
in nine years and nine
months, saving you more
than \$350,000 in interest.
By then you'd be in the
habit of saving \$1100 a week,
so I'd want you to invest this
into a share portfolio over a
20-year period. If you
averaged 9 per cent after tax
returns, your balance would
be a cool \$2 million.

Nick,
Don't save up sex for
your old age. In other
words, don't put your life on
hold for an event that may
happen years from now. Yes,
our housing market is the
most overvalued in the
world. But buying a home
isn't just a financial
decision, it's an emotional

### HOME TRUTHS

Hi Scott,
I'm 30 and I have more
than \$150,000 in a term
deposit and \$70,000 in
shares. I want to buy a house
but I'm waiting for the

market to "correct itself", because I don't want to see those savings dwindle away. To increase my wealth even further, what else would you do with the money while the housing market comes back to reality? one, too. So long as you have a 20 per cent deposit and you can afford to make extra repayments on one wage—buy. You won't regret it.

### HOUSE OR CAR?

Thanks, Nick

Hey Scott,
I am 26 years old and I
have a 1994 car. I would
really, really like to buy a
newer model, something
around the \$25,000 mark.
Having a new car will
save on petrol and
maintenance costs.
The only problem is that I
also want to buy my first
house, but getting a loan for
a new car would affect my

borrowing power. What do you recommend?

Hey Dan,
If you want to buy the house, don't buy the bloody car.

## SUPER STUMPER

My biggest concern is whether to leave my money in Australian Super or withdraw it and place it in a more secure setting, like a term deposit with one of the banks. I retired three years ago, so I have no more super being added to the fund.

Regards, Susan

Hi Susan,
Keep your money in
super, drawing a
pension, which in most cases
will mean paying little or no
tax. And keep your money
with Australian Super. It's a
big fund that offers many
investment choices, like cash
and fixed interest securities
— not just shares.

After months of hinting, my flance has come out and asked me to sign a prenuptial agreement.
He owns a number of investment properties and is

want to win a fight with your hubby, shoot over to Barefootinvestor.com and Scott Pape is a licensed and totally independent financial adviser (though he doesn't mention this at parties). The comments in this column are of a general nature and are not intended as specific personal advice. money question, or you ask me a question.

If you've got a burning

YOUR QUESTIONS

ANSWERED

much wealthier than me.
The whole thing has really
upset me, which he
translates into me wanting
his money (but it's not that
at all). Any advice?

Hi Lori,
Your fiance sounds like
a douchebag. You think
it means he doesn't trust you.
But I think if you dig a little
deeper you'll find that he
doesn't trust himself, which
is why he's trying to leave a
legal loophole open.
If I were in your shoes, I
wouldn't sign a damn thing
—and it would make me
rethink everything.

European, S markets Soar

EUROPEAN and US stock markets have soared, with the Dow, S&P 500 and Germany's Dax setting new records, as strong US jobs data for April revived confidence in the US economic recovery.

At the end of a cautious week, tempered by bearish economic views from the Federal Reserve and the European Central Bank, market bulls on Friday unleashed their energy after the US report painted a much brighter picture of the economy than was felt in recent weeks.

The Department of Labor reported an addition of 165,000 jobs for April, which exceeded analyst expectations. But it also made large upward revisions for the prior two months that showed 114,000 more jobs were added than initially estimated.

US stocks soared 1 per cent from the opening bell, with the Dow Jones Industrial Average breaching 15,000 for the first time and the S&P cracking 1600.

At the close, the Dow finished at

14,973.96, up 0.96 per cent. The S&P 500 gained 1.05 per cent to 1614.42, and the Nasdaq Composite Index rose 38.01 (1.14 per cent) to 3378.63.

The jobs report reverberated beyond US shores, with European markets shooting higher in parallel. The DAX 30 index of leading German shares jumped by 2.02 per cent to an all-time high of 8122.29 points while in London, the FTSE 100 index added 0.94 per cent to 6521.46 points.

# Portugal to slash jobs

PORTUGAL'S prime minister says the government aims to slash 30,000 public sector jobs as part of a sweeping package of spending cuts to satisfy international creditors.

In a speech to the nation on Friday, Pedro Passos Coelho also said that the full pension age would be pushed back to 66 and civil servants would be expected to work 40 hours per week instead of 35. The measures were announced in order to keep the small debt-hit eurozone member

eligible for another slice of its much-needed bailout.
Coeho was unveiling the contents of the centre-right government's new "mediumterm program", under which Portugal was hoping to save a total of \$7.7 billion to 2016.
With the cuts, Portugal's public deficit is anticipated to narrow to 5.5 per cent of gross domestic product this year, to 4 per cent in 2014 and finally to 2.5 per cent in 2015, under the EU's ceiling of 3 per cent.